

# **An Efficient Low-Noise Method to Charge Ultra-Capacitors**

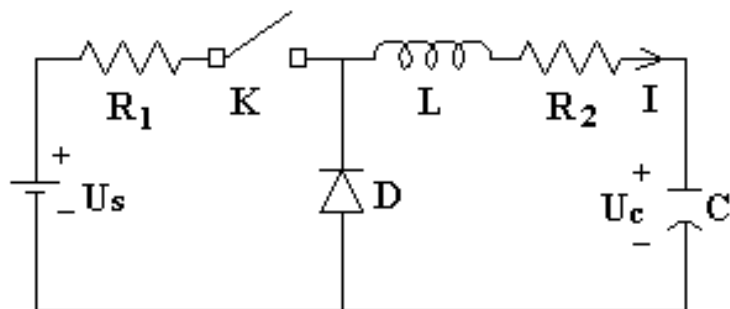
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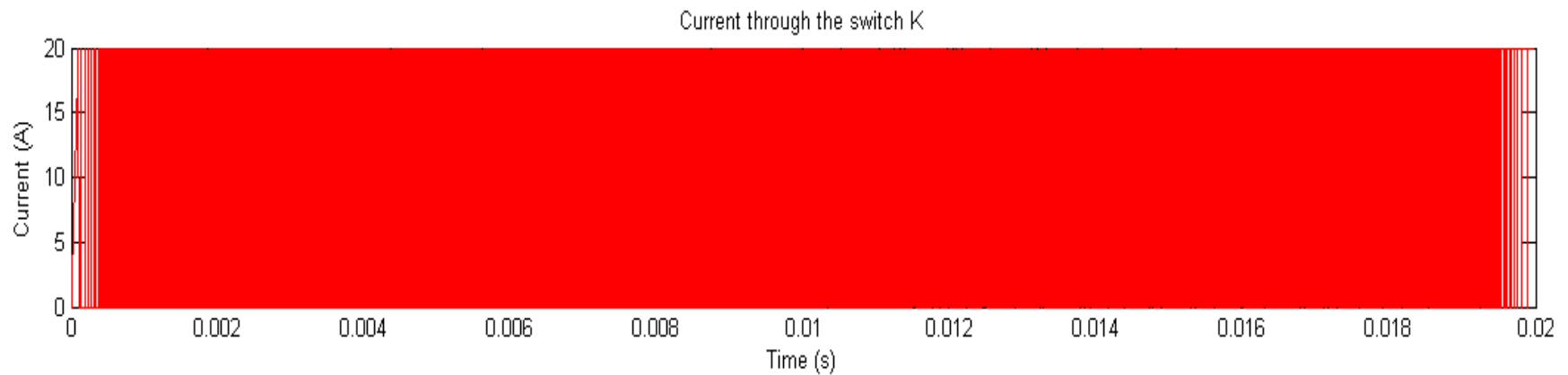


# Traditional Charging Circuit

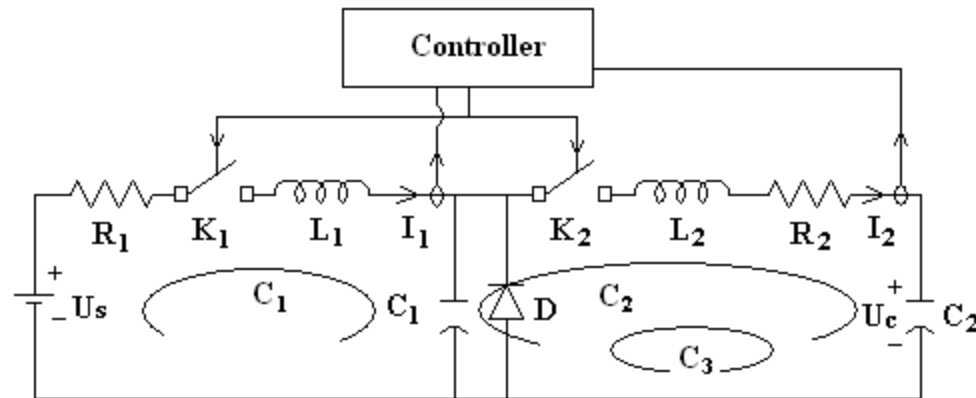


Current (A)	10	20	50	100	200	500
Efficiency (%)	99.7	99.5	98.9	97.9	96	90.6
Charging time (s)	40	20	8	4	2	0.8

# The Current Through the Switch

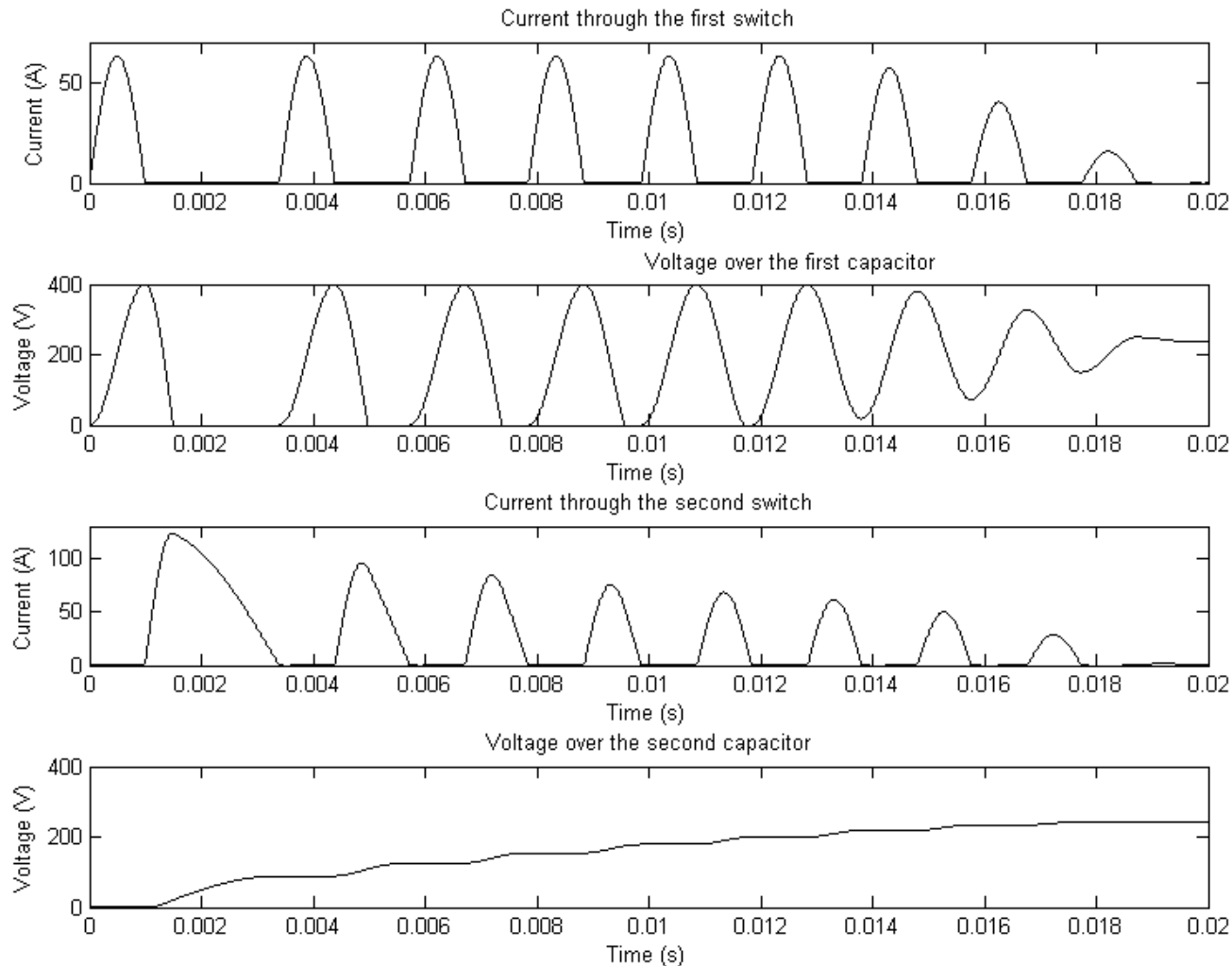


# A Modified Charging Circuit



$$\begin{array}{ll} I_1 \leq 0 & K_1 \text{ off and } K_2 \text{ on} \\ I_2 \leq 0 & K_1 \text{ on and } K_2 \text{ off} \end{array}$$

# Currents and Voltages in the Charging Circuit

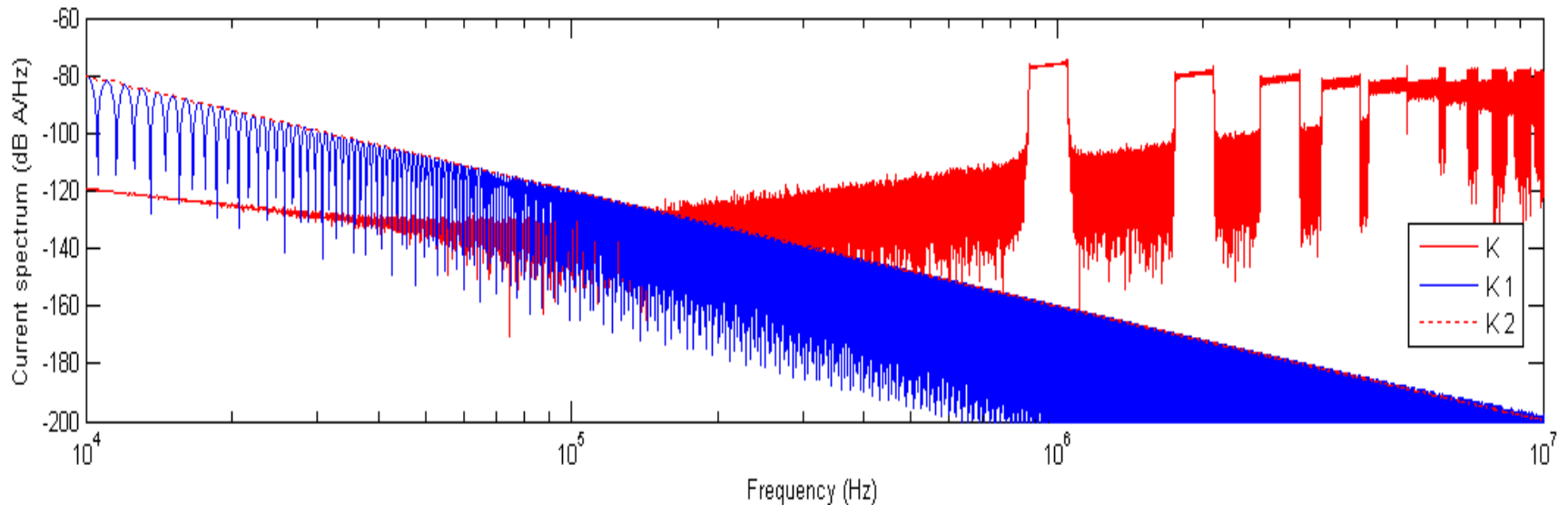


# Charging Time and Efficiency

R2 (Ohm)	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.1	0.2
Efficiency (%)	98.7	98.1	96.1	93.0	87.3
Charging time(s)	12.7	12.7	12.8	12.9	12.94

L2 (H)	0.001	0.002	0.005	0.01
Efficiency (%)	98.1	98.4	98.8	99.0
Charging time(s)	12.7	15.9	22.2	29.3

# Frequency Domain Representation of Current



K – Traditional Circuit

K1 – Modified Circuit, first switch

K2 – Modified Circuit, second switch

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# Project Proposal

- ❑ Build and test a prototype of this circuit that could be incorporated in an ultra-capacitor package.
    - Work with capacitor company to define requirements
    - Design and build a prototype using discrete components
    - Evaluate performance of prototype
    - Patent and/or publish results
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