

SOLUTION

NAME: _____

This is an open book quiz. A four-function calculator may be used. An unsigned honors pledge will result in a zero.

1. Consider a barometer which utilizes two manometer fluids, mercury on the bottom, and a liquid with a specific gravity of 8 above it. The barometer tube has an internal diameter of 1.0 mm. The volume of the upper manometer fluid is 0.5 cubic centimeters. If the atmospheric pressure is one atmosphere, what is the barometer reading in centimeters (the total height of the combined manometer fluid column)?

GIVEN: d , V of upper manometer fluid; S.G., P_{atm}

FIND: Reading in cm ($h_1 + h_2$)

ASSUME: ρ , g are constant; vapor pressure of manometer fluid is zero; $\rho_{H_2O} = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

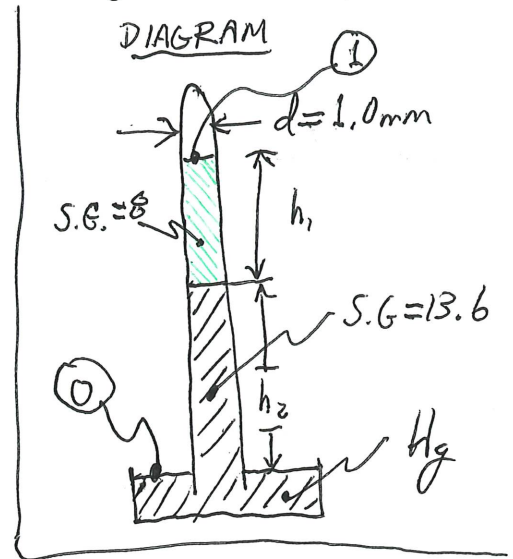
ANALYSIS: $\frac{dP}{dz} = -\rho g \rightarrow \Delta P = -\rho g \Delta z$

$$P_0 = P_1 + \rho_8 h_1 + \rho_{Hg} h_2$$

V of green fluid is 0.5 cm^3 , so

$$0.5 \text{ cm}^3 = Ah_1 = \frac{\pi d^2}{4} h_1 = \frac{\pi (0.1 \text{ cm})^2}{4} h_1$$

$$\text{So, } h_1 = 63.7 \text{ cm}$$



$$101,325 \text{ Pa} = 0 \text{ Pa} + (8)(1000 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3})(9.81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2})(0.637 \text{ m}) + (13.6)(1000 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3})(9.81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2})(h_2)$$

Solving $\rightarrow h_2 = 0.385 \text{ m} = 38.5 \text{ cm}$

$$h_2 = 38.5 \text{ cm}$$

So, barometer reading is $h_1 + h_2 = 63.7 \text{ cm} + 38.5 \text{ cm} = 102.2 \text{ cm}$

I HAVE NEITHER PROVIDED OR RECEIVED HELP DURING THIS QUIZ.

SIGNATURE _____

Units Check

$$Pa \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{m}^3 \cdot \text{s}^2}$$

$$\frac{N}{\text{m}^2} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m} \cdot \text{s}^2}$$

$$\frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{s}^2 \cdot \text{m}^2} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m} \cdot \text{s}^2}$$