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NAME:

This is an open book quiz. You may use a four function calculator. An unsigned honors pledge will result in a zero.

1. A rigid tank is initially completely evacuated (its absolute pressure is zero). A valve to the tank is opened and air from the surrounding environment rushes in. The surrounding environment is at a pressure of one atmosphere and a temperature of 300K. Heat transfer between the tank and its surroundings occurs so that the air in the tank is always at exactly 300K. After some time has passed, the pressure in the tank is at equilibrium with the outside air. Compute the heat transfer for the air in the tank. You may assume kinetic

and potential energy effects are negligible. GIVEN: Ten, Pen, T=300K always, Pf, Tf, m, =0, + FIND: Q=? ASSUME: No KE or PE effects; ideal, gas behavior ANALYSIS: Cons. of Energy for a control volume

dE = Q-W+ Zm: (hi + 2+97i) - = me the+ 1/2+97e $\frac{dV}{dt} = \dot{Q} + \dot{m}_i h_i \Rightarrow \int dV = \int \dot{Q} dt + \int \dot{m}_i h_i dt \Rightarrow V_2 - V_7 = Q + h_i \int \dot{m}_i dt$

 $m_{z}u_{z}-m_{i}u_{i}=Q+h_{i}(m_{z}-m_{i}) \rightarrow Q=m_{z}(u_{z}-h_{i})=m_{z}(u(300k)-h(300k))$ Since I.E., PET=mx RTZ mz= PZY/RT,

From A-22 U(300K) = 214.07 KJ/kg h (300K) = 300.19 KT/kg

Q=Q.589kg)(214.07kg -300.19kg) Q=-222.96kJ ~ 1NS

R = R = 8314 T/kmol. K 28.97 kg/kmol

Mz = (101,325 Pa)(2.2m3) (287.0 xg.k) (300 K)

I have neither provided or received help during this quiz.